WEST virginia legislature

2022 regular session

Introduced

House Bill 4587

By Delegates Pushkin, Fluharty, Skaff, Bates, Dean, McGeehan, Steele, and Smith

[Introduced February 09, 2022; Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources then the Judiciary]

A BILL to amend and reenact §16A-2-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to further amend §16A-11-1 of said code, all relating to certification of a patient’s eligibility for medical cannabis; amending a definition; and revising eligibility qualifications for patients to receive medical cannabis.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Article 2. definitions.

§16A-2-1. Definitions.

(a) The following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(1) “Act” means the West Virginia Medical Cannabis Act and the provisions contained in §60A-1-101 *et seq.* of this code.

(2) “Advisory board” means the advisory board established under §16A-11-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(3) “Bureau” means the Bureau for Public Health within the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources.

(4) “Caregiver” means the individual designated by a patient or, if the patient is under 18 years of age, an individual authorized under §16A-5-1 *et seq.* of this code, to deliver medical cannabis.

(5) “Certified medical use” means the acquisition, possession, use, or transportation of medical cannabis by a patient, or the acquisition, possession, delivery, transportation, or administration of medical cannabis by a caregiver, for use as part of the treatment of the patient’s serious medical condition, as authorized in a certification under this act, including enabling the patient to tolerate treatment for the serious medical condition.

(6) “Change in control” means the acquisition by a person or group of persons acting in concert of a controlling interest in an applicant or permittee either all at one time or over the span of a 12-consecutive-month period.

(7) “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health.

(8) “Continuing care” means treating a patient, in the course of which the practitioner has completed a full assessment of the patient’s medical history and current medical condition, including an in-person consultation with the patient, and is able to document and make a medical diagnosis based upon the substantive treatment of the patient.

(9) “Controlling interest” means:

(A) For a publicly traded entity, voting rights that entitle a person to elect or appoint one or more of the members of the board of directors or other governing board or the ownership or beneficial holding of five percent or more of the securities of the publicly traded entity.

(B) For a privately held entity, the ownership of any security in the entity.

(10) “Dispensary” means a person, including a natural person, corporation, partnership, association, trust, or other entity, or any combination thereof, which holds a permit issued by the bureau to dispense medical cannabis. The term does not include a health care medical cannabis organization as defined in §16A-13-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(11) “Family or household member” means the same as defined in §48-27-204 of this code.

(12) “Financial backer” means an investor, mortgagee, bondholder, note holder, or other source of equity, capital, or other assets, other than a financial institution.

(13) “Financial institution” means a bank, a national banking association, a bank and trust company, a trust company, a savings and loan association, a building and loan association, a mutual savings bank, a credit union, or a savings bank.

(14) “Form of medical cannabis” means the characteristics of the medical cannabis recommended or limited for a particular patient, including the method of consumption and any particular dosage, strain, variety and quantity, or percentage of medical cannabis or particular active ingredient.

(15) “Fund” means the Medical Cannabis Program Fund established in §16A-9-2 of this code.

(16) “Grower” means a person, including a natural person, corporation, partnership, association, trust, or other entity, or any combination thereof, which holds a permit from the bureau under this act to grow medical cannabis. The term does not include a health care medical cannabis organization as defined in §16-13-1 *et seq*. of this code.

(17) “Grower/processor” means either a grower or a processor.

(18) “Identification card” means a document issued under §16A-5-1 *et seq.* of this code that authorizes access to medical cannabis under this act.

(19) “Individual dose” means a single measure of medical cannabis.

(20) “Medical cannabis” means cannabis for certified medical use as set forth in this act.

(21) “Medical cannabis organization” means a dispensary, grower, or processor. The term does not include a health care medical cannabis organization as defined in §16A-13-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(22) “Patient” means an individual who:

(A) Has a serious medical condition;

(B) Has met the requirements for certification under this act; and

(C) Is a resident of this state.

(23) “Permit” means an authorization issued by the bureau to a medical cannabis organization to conduct activities under this act.

(24) “Physician” or “practitioner” means a doctor of allopathic or osteopathic medicine who is fully licensed pursuant to the provisions of either §30-3-1 *et seq.* or §30-14-1 *et seq.* of this code to practice medicine and surgery in this state.

 (25) “Post-traumatic stress disorder” means a diagnosis made as part of continuing care of a patient by a medical doctor, licensed counselor, or psychologist.

(26) “Prescription drug monitoring program” means the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program under §60A-9-101 *et seq.* of this code.

(27) “Principal” means an officer, director, or person who directly owns a beneficial interest in or ownership of the securities of an applicant or permittee, a person who has a controlling interest in an applicant or permittee, or who has the ability to elect the majority of the board of directors of an applicant or permittee, or otherwise control an applicant or permittee, other than a financial institution.

(28) “Processor” means a person, including a natural person, corporation, partnership, association, trust, or other entity, or any combination thereof, which holds a permit from the bureau under this act to process medical cannabis. The term does not include a health care medical cannabis organization as defined in §16A-13-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(29) “Registry” means the registry established by the bureau for practitioners.

(30) “Serious medical condition” means a medical condition that a medical doctor, in his or her professional judgement, would benefit from the use of cannabis. ~~any of the following, as has been diagnosed as part of a patient’s continuing care:~~

~~(A) Cancer.~~

~~(B) Positive status for human immunodeficiency virus or acquired immune deficiency syndrome.~~

~~(C) Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.~~

~~(D) Parkinson’s disease.~~

~~(E) Multiple sclerosis.~~

~~(F) Damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity.~~

~~(G) Epilepsy.~~

~~(H) Neuropathies.~~

~~(I) Huntington’s disease.~~

~~(J) Crohn’s disease.~~

~~(K) Post-traumatic stress disorder.~~

~~(L) Intractable seizures.~~

~~(M) Sickle cell anemia.~~

~~(N) Severe chronic or intractable pain of neuropathic origin or severe chronic or intractable pain.~~

~~(O) Terminally ill.~~

 ~~(31) “Terminally ill” means a medical prognosis of life expectancy of approximately one year or less if the illness runs its normal course~~

article 11. medical cannabis advisory board.

§16A-11-1. Advisory board.

(a) The Medical Cannabis Advisory Board is established within the bureau. The advisory board shall consist of the following members:

(1) The commissioner or a designee.

(2) The Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police or a designee.

(3) Four physicians licensed to practice in the state to be appointed by the State Medical Association with one from each of the following specialized medicine:

(A) Family Practice/Neurologist/General Practitioner.

(B) Pain Management.

(C) Oncologist/Palliative Care.

(D) Psychiatrist.

(4) Two physicians who are licensed pursuant to §30-14-1 *et seq.* of this code appointed by the West Virginia Osteopathic Association.

(5) One pharmacist licensed to practice in the state, to be designated by the Board of Pharmacy.

(6) One pharmacologist who has experience in the science of cannabis and a knowledge of the uses, effects, and modes of actions of drugs, to be appointed by the Governor.

(7) One member who is a horticulturalist, to be designated by the West Virginia Commissioner of Agriculture.

(8) One member designated by the West Virginia Association of Alcoholism and Drug Counselors.

(9) An attorney licensed in the state who is knowledgeable about medical cannabis laws.

(10) One member appointed by the West Virginia Prosecuting Attorneys Institute.

(11) One member appointed by the Governor, who shall be a patient, a family or household member of a patient, or a patient advocate.

(b) *Terms*. — Except as provided under subsection (g) of this section, the members shall serve a term of four years or until a successor has been appointed and qualified, but no longer than six months beyond the four-year period.

(c) *Chair*. — The commissioner, or a designee, shall serve as chair of the advisory board.

(d) *Voting; quorum*. — A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of organizing the advisory board, conducting its business, and fulfilling its duties. A vote of the majority of the members present shall be sufficient for all actions of the advisory board unless the bylaws require a greater number.

(e) *Attendance*. — A member of the advisory board who fails to attend three consecutive meetings shall be deemed vacant, unless the commissioner, upon written request from the member, finds that the member should be excused from a meeting for good cause. A member who cannot be physically present may attend meetings via electronic means, including video conference.

(f) *Governance*. — The advisory board shall have the power to prescribe, amend, and repeal bylaws governing the manner in which the business of the advisory board is conducted and the manner in which the duties granted to it are fulfilled. The advisory board may delegate supervision of the administration of advisory board activities to an administrative commissioner and other employees of the bureau as the commissioner shall appoint.

(g) *Initial terms*. — The initial terms of members appointed under subsection (a) of this section shall be for terms of one, two, three, or four years, the particular term of each member to be designated by the commissioner at the time of appointment. All other members shall serve for a term of four years.

(h) *Vacancy*. — In the event that any member appointed under subsection (a) of this section shall die or resign, or otherwise become disqualified during the member’s term of office, a successor shall be appointed in the same way and with the same qualifications as set forth in this section and shall hold office for the unexpired term. An appointed member of the advisory board shall be eligible for reappointment.

(i) *Expenses*. — A member shall receive the amount of reasonable travel, hotel, and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of the member in accordance with state rules but shall receive no other compensation for the member’s service on the board.

(j) *Duties*. — The advisory board shall have the following duties:

(1) To examine and analyze the statutory and regulatory law relating to medical cannabis within this state.

(2) To examine and analyze the law and events in other states and the nation with respect to medical cannabis.

(3) To accept and review written comments from individuals and organizations about medical cannabis.

(4) To issue, two years after the effective date of this section, a written report to the Governor, the Senate, and the House of Delegates.

(5) The written report under subdivision (4) of this subsection shall include recommendations and findings as to the following:

(A) Whether to change the types of medical professionals who can issue certifications to patients.

~~(B) Whether to change, add, or reduce the types of medical conditions which qualify as serious medical conditions under this act~~

~~(C)~~ (B) Whether to change the form of medical cannabis permitted under this act.

~~(D)~~ (C) Whether to change, add, or reduce the number of growers, processors, or dispensaries.

~~(E)~~ (D) How to ensure affordable patient access to medical cannabis.

~~(F)~~ (E) Whether to permit medical cannabis to be dispensed in dry leaf or plant form, for administration by vaporization.

(6) The final written report under this section shall be adopted at a public meeting.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to grant authority to attending physicians to use his or her professional judgement to certify that a patient’s serious medical condition would benefit from the use of medical cannabis.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.